

## COVID-19 Case, Hospitalization, and Death Demographic Tables:

First year of COVID-19 (3/1/20 – 2/27/21)

Washtenaw County residents; data updated as of 4/28/23; see page 2 for data notes

Total Confirmed and Probable COVID-19 Cases in Washtenaw County Residents						
	Total cases	Total hospitalizations	% cases hospitalized	Total cases admitted to ICU	% cases admitted to ICU	Total deaths
Confirmed	17295	1124	6%	224	1%	243
Probable	1685	6	0.4%	0	0%	9
Total	18980	1130	6%	224	1%	252

Lab-Confirmed COVID-19 Cases in Washtenaw County Residents by Sex			
Sex	% of cases	% of hospitalized	% of deaths
Female	51%	49%	43%
Male	48%	51%	57%

Lab-Confirmed COVID-19 Cases in Washtenaw County Residents by Age Group			
Age Group	% of cases	% of hospitalized	% of deaths
0 - 17 years	8%	0.6%	0%
18 - 24 years	34%	2%	0%
25 - 39 years	21%	7%	0%
40 - 49 years	10%	8%	1%
50 - 59 years	11%	15%	6%
60 - 69 years	8%	21%	11%
70 - 79 years	5%	22%	26%
80+ years	3%	24%	56%

Lab-Confirmed COVID-19 Cases in Washtenaw County Residents by Race				
Racial or Ethnic Group	% of cases	% of hospitalized	% of deaths	% of county population
American Indian or Alaskan Native	0.2%	0.2%	0.4%	0.4%
Asian	4%	4%	0.8%	9%
Black or African American	13%	27%	21%	12%
Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	0.1%	0.3%	0.8%	0.1%
White	69%	65%	75%	74%
Unknown/Other race	14%	4%	2%	4%
Hispanic or Latino (all races)	6%	4%	2%	5%



## Data Notes

- Information in these charts is provisional and subject to change.
- COVID-19 testing was very limited in the first several months of the pandemic. It became more widely available in Fall 2020.
- COVID-19 vaccines first became available in December 2020.
- College students living locally are included in the Washtenaw County case counts.
- Total cases include: Outpatient, Hospitalized, Deceased, and Recovered individuals.
- Confirmed cases: Individuals who have a PCR positive lab result for COVID-19.
- Probable cases: Individuals with a positive rapid antigen test conducted in a healthcare setting and no confirmatory testing (PCR or nucleic acid test). A person may also be classified as a probable case if they are a close contact to a case and have symptoms consistent with COVID-19. Individuals with a positive home antigen test who are symptomatic or linked to another positive case would also be a probable case of COVID (note that most home antigen tests are not reported to public health).
- The Michigan Department of Health and Human Services defines confirmed and probable COVID-19 deaths as: “Confirmed deaths include individuals who meet one or more of the following conditions: 1) Have been identified as a confirmed [COVID] case and classified as deceased as a result of a case investigation in the MDSS. MDSS is the database used by state and local health department to monitor reportable diseases like COVID-19; 2) have been identified as a confirmed [COVID] case in MDSS and have a death certificate with COVID-19 listed as a cause of death; 3) have been identified as a confirmed [COVID] case in MDSS and die within 30 days of onset of COVID-19 infection and have a death certificate which classifies their manner death as ‘natural’. Probable deaths include individuals who have COVID indicated as a cause of death on their death certificate but have not had a positive diagnostic laboratory test [e.g. only had a positive home antigen test but confirmatory PCR testing was not performed].

